

### Forest Carbon Partnership Facility

## 4d. Creation and transfer of Emission Reductions

Carbon Fund Seventh Meeting (CF7), June 24-25, 2013, Paris, France



#### **Outline of Presentation**

- 1. Objectives of the work program
- 2. Overview of FMT work on REDD Registries in FY-13: "What did we learn"
- 3. Emerging strategy for REDD+ Data management Systems and ER Registries
- 4. Work plan for FY14

### **Dual Objectives of the Work Plan on Registries**

- 1. To assess client country needs and provide tailored capacity building, technical assistance and facilitation support with respect to REDD data management systems and ER registries.
- 2. To support the needs of FCPF CF participants for creation and transfer of Emission Reductions.

#### **FY-13 work overview**

- REDD Registry Workshop April 25-27, Washington DC (13 countries represented)
- Draft functional specification with minimum design standards data management systems and ER transaction registries for REDD+.
- Country needs assessment. Specific input already provided to requesting countries (Indonesia, Colombia, and Honduras).

A key question: Integrate or separate ER registry and other **REDD Data Management?** Reporting on Basic Project/ **Program Data** (Official approvals, Reporting on proponents, duration, Reporting on stakeholders) Safeguards Reference and Grievance levels data Redress Country / Jurisdiction **Geo-portal** /Projects Mechanism **REDD+ Data** (Geo-referenced Programs/ management Reporting on projects system Data) Measurement Reporting on and Payment and Verification benefit sharing Country / Jurisdiction / Project **ER Registry ER Transactions** registry

### What are the main functions of a REDD+ data management systems (DMS) and an ER registry?

REDD+ Data Management System	ER Registry
<ul> <li>Registering information on government approvals, title to ERs (Projects/Jurisdictions/Nation)</li> <li>Collecting/distributing information on RL and MRV data (Projects/Jurisdictions/Nation)</li> <li>Collecting information on how safeguards are addressed and respected</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Account holders systems to manage positions and settlements for transactions,</li> <li>Accounting for non-permanence risk management (buffer reserves)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Collecting information on financial flows (performance based payments) and benefit sharing</li> </ul>	

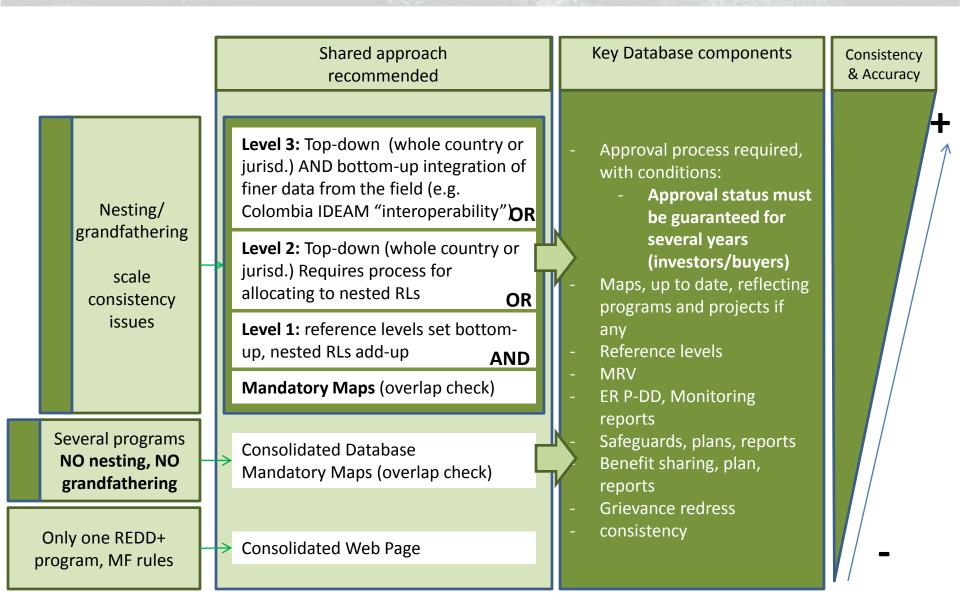
#### What did we learn?

- For most countries the "REDD+ Registry" is a Data Management System (DMS). Mexico, Colombia, Peru, DRC, Ghana, Indonesia have draft designs or prototype systems.
- The ER transaction registry has yet to be considered by most countries (only Mexico and Costa Rica).
- "Interoperability" is a major challenge shared by all. Many countries are looking to operate "VCS Scenario 2" type implementation frameworks and are looking for DMS that support consistency and coherence across scales.
- ER Registry/DMS plans overlap with plans for other sectors. Linkages to the Partnership for Market Readiness (PMR) are important for Mexico, Costa Rica, Colombia, Chile, Indonesia, Peru, Thailand and Vietnam.

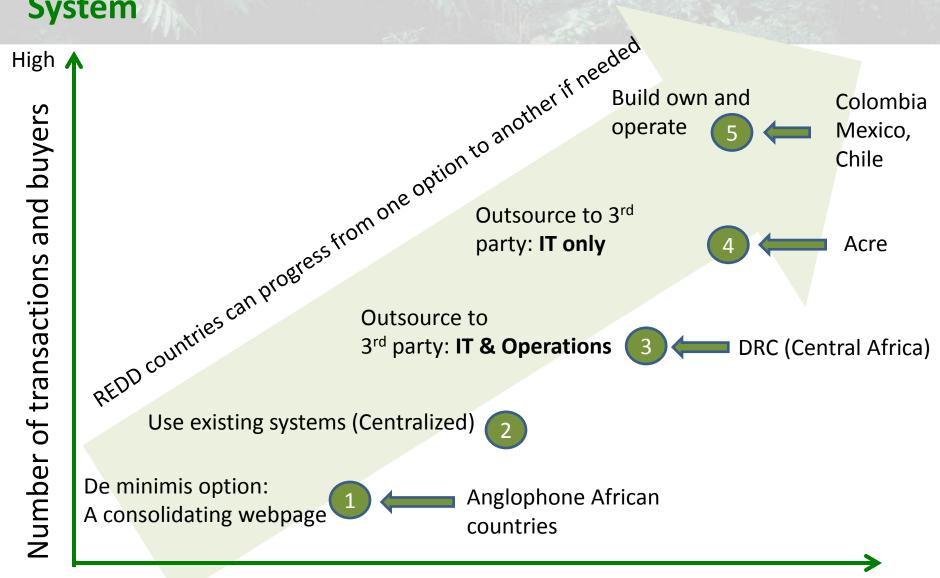
#### What did we learn?

- There is no one fits-all solution with respect to DMS. Only de minimis FCFP requirements. REDD+ Countries have different implementation frameworks and therefore different systems.
- ER Registry is very costly to develop and operate. It only
  makes sense if a country is considering the development of a
  domestic ETS.
- Sovereignty over data /approach to DMS and ER registry is very important for many countries
- DMS are locally driven solutions, while ER registry solutions can be standardized using common infrastructure.

### Country Needs Assessment : REDD+ Data Management System



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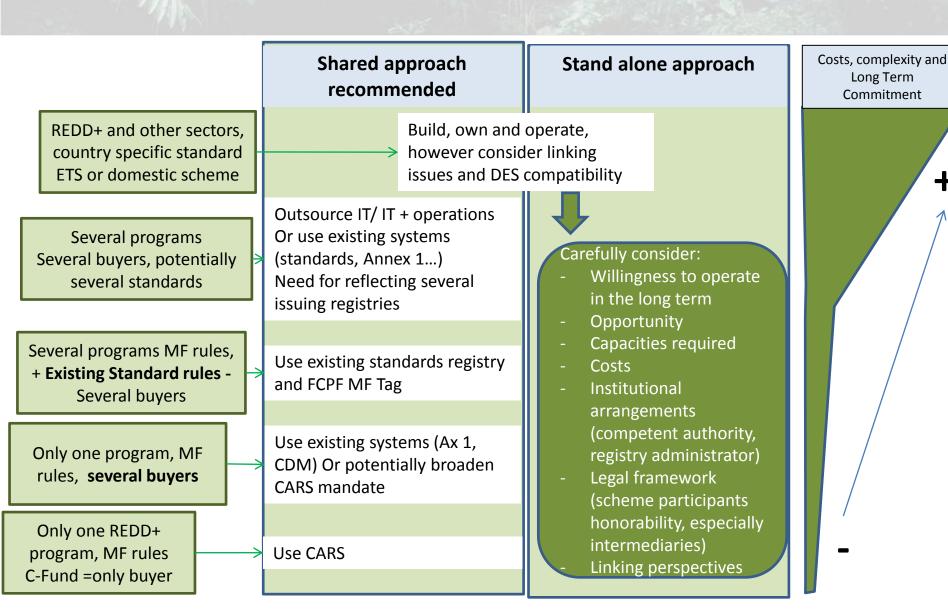


Complexity of implementation framework

Low

High

### **REDD+ ER transaction registry**



### **Country Needs Assessment: ER registry**



Complexity and costs of implementation framework

High

### **ER Registry Needs: Costa Rican Example**

- Offsets from multiple sectors and domestic ETS- initially REDD projects, eventually other offset units e.g., agriculture and waste management. Buyers both domestic and international.
- Phased registry development. No need to handle multiple transactions in the early stages ("one off sales", no secondary market), but would grow to accommodate multiple users.
- Registry provider assessment. Costa Rica has already met with multiple registry developers and would like help to make a robust comparison. <u>Interest in making use of a centralized ER Registry in the near term and then transition to a Costa Rican registry over time.</u>
- Needs. PMR and FCPF to provide advice in close technical coordination

### Towards a Carbon Fund Vision for a *De minimis* REDD+ Data Management Systems

- The FCPF Carbon Fund develops/uses a centralized consolidating web page for its own purposes and makes it available to REDD countries (*De minimis option*) to report all relevant information on REDD+ implementation.
- Question whether or not this *De minimis* option is appropriate for large countries with multiple ER Programs and complex implementation frameworks (e.g. VCS Scenario 2).
  - Mexico, Colombia, Peru, DRC, Ghana and Indonesia are developing their own system which will be different from one another and more sophisticated than the *De minimis* option.
  - Should FCPF CF set conditions under which this de minimis option is acceptable? (e.g. fewer than 10 projects, no "Nested" project, etc.)

### Towards a Carbon Fund Vision for Creation and Transfer of Emission Reductions

- The FCPF Carbon Fund develops/uses a centralized ER registry for its own purposes and makes it available to REDD countries for all their REDD transactions (and other sectors). 3 main options to do so:
  - 1. Arrangement to use existing registry infrastructure in an Annex 1 country (Switzerland? Australia? Other Annex 1?).
  - 2. Prepare an RFI/RFP for an interim ER registry and seek proposals from interested parties (including World Bank CARS).
  - 3. UNFCCC solution.
- If an ER Program meets national standards or 3<sup>rd</sup> party standards additionally to the Carbon Fund requirements, verified ERs could be issued under the national or 3rd party program and use a national or 3<sup>rd</sup> party ER Registry (with Carbon Fund "tag" to mark compliance with CF Methodological Framework)

#### **DMS Work Plan for FY14**

- Develop/modify webpage to provide de minimis reporting functions for REDD countries (June 2014).
- Identify funding options for DMS solutions in low income countries that wish to develop their own. Help countries secure adequate funding (October 2013)
- Missions to provide (on request) in-depth needs assessment and technical advice. Merge with FMT work program on MRV and RL.
- Facilitate collaboration and exchanges for countries on a similar trajectory

### **ER Registry Work Plan for FY14**

- Establish a cross-functional DMS/Registry team to support work in FCPF/PMR.
- Investigate 3 ER registry options & make recommendation to FCPF (March 2014).
- Develop funding model and secure investment for interim ER registry (June 2014).
- July 2014 commence implementation.
- Build momentum with FCPF countries to support / influence UNFCCC/ SBSTA and international solution for REDD DMS/ ER registry.
- Missions to provide (on request) in-depth needs assessment and technical advice (Joint PMR-FCPF)

# Gracias Merci Thank you

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